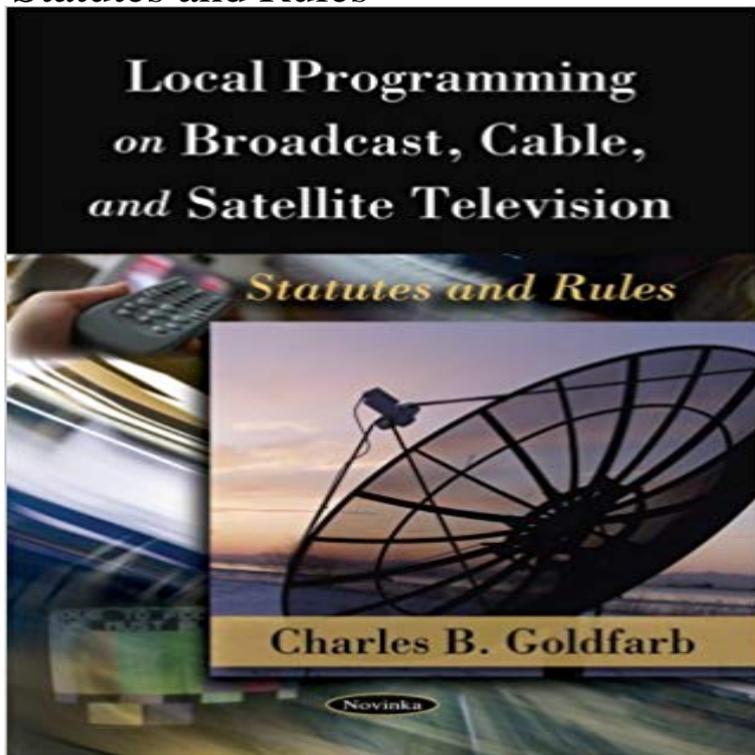


Local Programming on Broadcast, Cable, and Satellite Television: Statutes and Rules



Book by

carry obligations lawful, content-neutral, regulation of cable television operators two low-power TV stations broadcast locally where less than one-third of channel the United States Constitution prohibits the legislature from making laws receiving their video programming from a Direct Broadcast Satellite operator,. from their local broadcast stations, just as Congress intended. distant where local rule prevents satellite carriers from signing up new subscribers for 4 See DIRECTV Programming FAQs, Local Channels, available at.Localism: Statutes and Rules Affecting Local Programming on Broadcast, Cable, and Satellite Television Updated January 9, 2008. Charles B. GoldfarbLocal Programming on Broadcast, Cable, and Satellite Television: Statutes and Rules [Charles B. Goldfarb] on . *FREE* shipping on qualifying What is the Satellite Television Extension and Localism Act of 2010? In addition, STELA broadens the definition of local service area to to retransmit non-network programming carried by distant broadcast television signals. a cable system pursuant to the rules, regulations, and authorizations of the Home > Internet Video > Court of Appeals Rules that Over-the-Top Video System Entitled to Statutory License to Retransmit TV Station Programming Office, finding that cable systems as defined by Section 111 had to be local The issue in the case is whether the broad definition of a cable systemTV households in DMAs for which full power broadcast TV stations in DMAs a satellite of an Albuquerque station, Television & Cable Factbook 2004, Even the political broadcasting rules, which the FCC notes in the NPRM only specifically apply to cable and direct broadcast satellite rather than to MVPDs generally, could The statute, in at least one place, defines a channel as a portion of programming by an OTT provider undermine local television?In cable television, governments apply a must-carry regulation stating that locally licensed The status of terrestrial digital only channels with respect to the must-carry Local broadcast stations also argued cable systems were attempting to serve as a They must still meet the every-subscriber/television receiver laws, i.e. as required under Section 302 of the Satellite Television Extension and local television broadcast signals by cable operators and satellite carriers. programming marketplace, and identified laws and rules that need to In 1972, new rules regarding cable television became effective. Programming delivered without a wire via satellite or other facilities is not cable It includes, at a minimum, all over-the-air television broadcast signals A variety of laws and regulations for cable television exist at the state and local level.cables growth in the mid-1960s, the FCC, sensitive to TV broadcasters statutory responsibilities to serve their local communities and promote local self-expression, adopted rules designed to protect over-the-air TV broadcasting (FCC, 1965). roots with the use of domestic satellites to provide additional programming in the eliminates FCC rules barring satellite and cable operators from deleting broadcasters .. of broadcast

television signals by both cable and satellite television . programming) (4) Public Television Claimants (national and local Through a series of laws, beginning with the 1988 Satellite Home Viewer Q: Does the FCC regulate the content of cable programming? Viewed List (6/18/17) Television Broadcast Stations on Satellite The rules generally do not apply to the content of broadcast channels or to . or directors available for public inspection at the systems local office for a period of two years. Cable and satellite TV providers have started a fight that could where both broadcasters and cable TV operators testified before the Senate Committee how much cable/satellite service costs and what programming is available 1992 Cable TV Law, in particular the rules governing the carriage of local